

- 2. Congress enacted the Syria Accountability and Lebanese Sovereignty Restoration Act of 2003 (Pub. L. 108-175, codified as a note to 22 U.S.C. § 2151) ("the SAA") in December 2003. Section 5(a)(1) of the SAA required the President to prohibit the export to Syria of all items on the Commerce Control List (15 C.F.R. Part 774) ("CCL") and to impose additional sanctions, as set forth in Section 5(a)(2)(A)-(F) of the SAA.
- 3. Contained in the Export Administration Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774) ("the EAR"), the CCL categorizes the most sensitive items subject to EAR controls. Items subject to EAR controls are those that could make a significant contribution to the military potential or nuclear proliferation of other nations, or that could be detrimental to the foreign policy or national security of the United States.
- 4. On May 11, 2004, the President issued Executive Order 13338, declaring "an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States" and imposing a broad prohibition on the export and re-export to Syria of items on the CCL, and provided that "the Secretary of Commerce shall not permit the exportation or re-exportation to Syria of any product of the United States," except for food and medicine.

- 5. In accordance with Executive Order 13338, the U.S. Department of Commerce ("DOC") issued General Order No. 2 to Supplement No. 1 to Part 736 ("General Order No. 2"), and corresponding regulations (15 C.F.R. Part 746.9), restricting exports and re-exports to Syria of all items subject to the EAR other than food and certain medicines.
- 6. With certain limited exceptions not applicable here, U.S. sanctions against Syria prohibited, among other things, the export, re-export, sale, or supply, directly or indirectly, of U.S.-origin goods from the United States or by a United States person wherever located, to Syria without prior authorization from the Secretary of the Treasury.

B. Conspirators

- 7. Defendant RASHEED AL JIJAKLI ("JIJAKLI") was a Syrian-born naturalized United States citizen. He was the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, vice-president, secretary, and treasurer of Palmyra Corporation also known as ("aka") Orange Check Cashing ("Palmyra") located in Orange County within the Central District of California.
- 8. Unindicted coconspirator #1 was a Syrian-born naturalized United States citizen.
- 9. Unindicted coconspirator #2 was a Kuwaiti-born citizen of Canada. Unindicted coconspirator #2 was the incorporator and president of Palmyra.
- 10. Unindicted coconspirator #3 was a Syrian-born naturalized United States citizen.

C. Providers of U.S.-Origin Goods

- 11. A company that facilitates the sale of firearm optics, laser boresighters (tools used to adjust optical and iron sights on firearms to ensure accuracy when firing), and other tactical equipment ("U.S. Company #1") was headquartered in California.
- 12. A company that sold firearm optics, laser boresighters, and other tactical equipment ("U.S. Company #2") was headquartered in Arizona.
- 13. A company that sold firearm optics, laser boresighters, and other tactical equipment ("U.S. Company #3") was headquartered in Arkansas.
- 14. A company that sells firearm optics, laser boresighters, and other tactical equipment ("U.S. Company #4") was headquartered in Arizona.
- 15. A company that facilitates the sale of firearm optics and other tactical equipment ("U.S. Company #5") was headquartered in Washington.

COUNT ONE

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[50 U.S.C. § 1705(a), (c); 15 C.F.R. § 746.9]

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OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY

- The allegations set forth in paragraphs One through Fifteen of this Indictment are incorporated herein as if set forth in full.
- 17. Beginning on or about January 11, 2012 through on or about March 31, 2013, in Orange County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant JIJAKLI, unindicted coconspirators #1, #2, and #3, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, conspired and agreed with each other to knowingly and willfully commit an offense against the United States, namely to export and attempt to export from the United States to Syria, items controlled by the CCL, and other products of the U.S., and not subject to any exemptions or general licenses, without having obtained a license or authorization from the Department of Commerce for such export, in violation 50 U.S.C. § 1705(a), (c); 15 C.F.R. § 746.9; and Executive Order 13338.

MEANS BY WHICH THE OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY WAS TO BE ACCOMPLISHED

- The object of the conspiracy was to be accomplished in substance as follows:
- Defendant JIJAKLI, unindicted coconspirator #1, and unindicted coconspirator #3 planned and acted inside and outside of the United States to acquire products of the United States;
- Defendant JIJAKLI, unindicted coconspirator #1, and b. unindicted coconspirator #3 used internet communication accounts, email, and other accounts (collectively "electronic communications"),

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telephone calls, and other forms of communication to communicate with one another and with other individuals;

- Defendant JIJAKLI and unindicted coconspirators #1, C. #2, and #3 provided funding from Palmyra and other sources to purchase U.S.-origin goods from companies and vendors in the United States;
- d. Defendant JIJAKLI and unindicted coconspirators #1, #2, and #3 transported U.S.-origin goods from the United States to Turkey to Syria;
- Defendant JIJAKLI and unindicted coconspirators #1, e. #2, and #3 caused U.S.-origin goods to be exported from the United States to individuals and entities in Syria without obtaining a license or authorization from the DOC.

D. OVERT ACTS

In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish the objects of the conspiracy, defendant JIJAKLI, unindicted coconspirators #1, #2, and #3, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed various overt acts within the Central District of California and elsewhere, on or about the dates identified below, including but not limited to the following:

Defendant JIJAKLI Travels to Syria in July 2012

Overt Act No. 1: On January 11, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 communicated with an unindicted coconspirator in Syria and offered to help purchase items the coconspirator wanted exported to Syria, such as rifle scopes and weapon conversion kits, and offered to bring the items to Turkey.

On June 10, 2012, unindicted coconspirator Overt Act No. 2: #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1 thirty-three laser boresighters.

Overt Act No. 3: On June 12, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 told an unindicted coconspirator in Syria that unindicted coconspirator #1 knew someone traveling from the United States to Turkey and asked for a list of items unindicted coconspirator #1 should send with the traveler.

Overt Act No. 4: On June 15, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #2 ten tactical scopes with range finder cross hairs, items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 5: On June 17, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #1 one tactical flashlight.

Overt Act No. 6: On June 20, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #1 three tactical flashlights.

Overt Act No. 7: On July 4, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #1 two tactical flashlights.

Overt Act No. 8: On July 11, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI ordered via U.S. Company #3 seven night vision rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 9: On July 17, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI departed Los Angeles International Airport ("LAX") aboard a Turkish Airlines flight to Istanbul, Turkey with U.S.-origin goods destined for Syria.

Overt Act No. 10: On July 21, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 (1) he had arrived in Syria and given "the items" to an unindicted coconspirator in Syria and other rebel fighters, (2) to purchase the items he was unable to get before he left, and (3) to be careful because the items were prohibited from being exported.

Overt Act No. 11: On July 21, 2012, defendant JIKAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 about a technique he used to smuggle goods into Turkey without being detected by law enforcement.

Overt Act No. 12: On July 23, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that an unindicted coconspirator helped defendant JIJAKLI enter Syria, that he planned to remain in Syria for seven to ten days, and that a "Russian weapon" would be available to unindicted coconspirator #1 next time unindicted coconspirator #1 traveled to Syria.

Overt Act No. 13: On July 23, 2012, defendant JIKAKLI and unindicted coconspirator #1 discussed that optics were expensive in Syria as compared to the United States and that it would be cheaper to purchase them in the United States and transport them to Syria.

Overt Act No. 14: On July 23, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that he would ask unindicted coconspirator #2 to provide unindicted coconspirator #1 money for the devices being sent to Syria.

Overt Act No. 15: On July 24, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #3 one night vision rifle scope, an item controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 16: On August 15, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that he had just returned from Syria, that he had delivered the items he brought to individuals in Syria, and that the trip into Syria was "not too much fun" because he was unable to "join with (sic) some action."

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Unindicted Coconspirator #3 Travels to Syria in September 2012

Overt Act No. 17: On August 16, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #2 withdrew \$7,000 from Palmyra and provided it to unindicted coconspirator #1

Overt Act No. 18: On August 18, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #4 twenty rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL, and ten laser boresighters.

Overt Act No. 19: On August 20, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 told defendant JIJAKLI that he ordered twenty rifle scope and that he did not have the night vision devices yet.

Overt Act No. 20: On August 20, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that unindicted coconspirator #1 should send the items to Turkey with unindicted coconspirator #3.

Overt Act No. 21: On August 22, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 deposited the \$7,000 received from unindicted coconspirator #2 into unindicted coconspirator #1's bank account in order to purchase U.S.-origin goods to be delivered to Syria.

Overt Act No. 22: On August 22, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #3 six night vision rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 23: On August 23, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 told defendant JIJAKLI that unindicted coconspirator #1 was able to purchase another twenty scopes and ten laser units with the money unindicted coconspirator #2 provided and that defendant JIJAKLI would be receiving thirty of each device.

Overt Act No. 24: On August 23, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that unindicted coconspirator #1 should purchase more night vision scopes.

Overt Act No. 25: On August 23, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI asked if unindicted coconspirator #1 needed an alias in the event law enforcement questioned unindicted coconspirator #1 about the purchases.

Overt Act No. 26: On August 23, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that he met a rebel group in Syria, that they were tough fighters, and that they deserved to be supported.

Overt Act No. 27: On August 26, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #5 one night vision rifle scope, an item controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 28: On August 29, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #3 two night vision rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL; and one digital night vision monocular.

Overt Act No. 29: On September 12, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #3 departed LAX aboard a Turkish Airlines flight to Istanbul Ataturk Airport, Turkey with U.S.-origin goods destined for Syria.

Overt Act No. 30: On September 13, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 asked unindicted coconspirator #3 if all the bags unindicted coconspirator #3 took to Turkey were "ok for weight."

Overt Act No. 31: On September 14, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that he was in Turkey but would be in Syria soon.

Overt Act No. 32: On September 19, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #3 told unindicted coconspirator #1 he was able to see defendant JIJAKLI "every day" and that defendant JIJAKLI took "the stuff," that twenty-six day scopes and seven night vision scopes made it to Syria, and that "they" needed more scopes and were desperate.

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Overt Act No. 33: On September 30, 2012, defendant JIJAKLI told unindicted coconspirator #1 that he had spoken with unindicted

Unindicted Coconspirator #1 Travels to Syria in February 2013

told unindicted coconspirator #1 that he had spoken with unindicted coconspirator #2 and that unindicted coconspirator #2 would give him \$10,000.

Overt Act No. 34: On October 1, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #2 withdrew \$10,000 from PALMYRA and provided it to unindicted coconspirator #1

Overt Act No. 35: On October 3, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #4 twenty-five rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL, and forty laser boresighters.

Overt Act No. 36: On October 3, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 told unindicted coconspirator #3 that unindicted coconspirator #2 gave unindicted coconspirator #1 \$10,000 and that he "ordered the night vision scopes."

Overt Act No. 37: On October 3, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 deposited \$12,000, including the \$10,000 received from unindicted coconspirator #2, into unindicted coconspirator #1's bank account in order to purchase U.S.-origin goods to be delivered to Syria.

Overt Act No. 38: On October 4, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1 five night vision rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 39: On October 10, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1 five night vision rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 40: On October 17, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1 ten night vision rifle scopes, items controlled by the CCL.

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Overt Act No. 41: On November 25, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased from U.S. Company #4 thirty rifle scopes, items controlled by CCL.

Overt Act No. 42: On December 20, 2012, unindicted coconspirator #1 told an unindicted coconspirator in Syria that he would travel to Syria and bring equipment with him.

Overt Act No. 43: On January 7, 2013 and January 8, 2013, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1 one handheld two-way portable radio, an item controlled by the CCL, and two-way radios, items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 44: On January 22, 2013, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1 one camouflage bullet proof vest, an item controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 45: On February 8, 2013, unindicted coconspirator #1 purchased via U.S. Company #1: one handheld radio; one camouflage military field pack; two two-way radios, items controlled by the CCL; three waterproof cameras; four camcorders; and four "dual LED digital display power current voltage AMP Meter VA voltmeter DC-DC 20A," items controlled by the CCL.

Overt Act No. 46: On February 9 and February 10, 2013, unindicted coconspirator #1 told an unindicted coconspirator that he would enter Syria from Rayhaniya and meet the unindicted coconspirator there.

Overt Act No. 47: From February 15, 2013, to February 17, 2013, unindicted coconspirator #1 traveled with fourteen bags of checked luggage, weighing a total of approximately 619 pounds, on commercial flights from LAX to Gaizientep, Turkey carrying U.S.-origin goods destined for Syria.

Overt Act No. 48: On February 18, 2013, unindicted coconspirator #1 traveled from Turkey to Syria with U.S.-origin goods.

COUNT TWO

[50 U.S.C. § 1705(a), (c); 15 C.F.R. § 746.9;

18 U.S.C. § 2(a), (b)]

20. The allegations set forth in paragraphs One through Six of this Indictment are incorporated herein as if set forth in full.

21. On or about July 17, 2012, in Orange County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant RASHEED AL JIJAKLI, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, willfully violated the United States trade regulations with Syria by attempting to export and exporting, from the United States to Syria, rifle scopes, night vision rifle scopes, laser boresighters, and other tactical equipment, without first having applied for and obtained by such application the necessary license and authorization from the Department of Commerce, for such export.

COUNT THREE

[18 U.S.C. § 554; 18 U.S.C. § 2(a), (b)]

- 22. The allegations set forth in paragraphs One through Six of this Indictment are incorporated herein as if set forth in full.
- 23. From on or about January 11, 2012 through on or about February 28, 2013, in Orange County, within the Central District of California, and elsewhere, defendant RASHEED AL JIJAKLI ("JIJAKLI"), knowingly and fraudulently did, and attempted to, and willfully caused others to, receive, conceal, buy, sell, and facilitate the transportation, concealment, and sale of merchandise, articles, and objects, and aided, abetted, counseled, commanded, induced, and procured others to do the same, all prior to the exportation of the merchandise, articles, and objects, and all the while knowing that the merchandise, articles, and objects were intended for the exportation contrary to a law and regulation of the United States.
- 24. Specifically, defendant JIJAKLI did and attempted to buy and arrange for shipment of rifle scopes, night vision rifle scopes, laser boresighters, and other tactical equipment, and did and aided and abetted, counseled, commanded, induced, and procured others to do so, all the while believing that these items would be exported from the United States contrary to the law and regulations of the United

• .	Case 8:17-cr-00085-JVS Document 1 Filed 07/14/17 Page 16 of 16 Page ID #:16
1.5	States because defendant JIJAKLI had not applied for or obtained the
2	necessary export license for each such item.
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6	/5/
7	Foreperson
8	SANDRA R. BROWN
9	Acting United States Attorney
10	PERTY
11	PATRICK R. FITZGERALD
12	Assistant United States Attorney Chief, National Security Division
13	CHRISTOPHER D. GRIGG
14	Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Terrorism and Export Crimes Section

MARK TAKLA

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