

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	)	
	)	
	)	
v.	)	Criminal No. 09-10017-GAO
	)	
	)	
TAREK MEHANNA	)	

**GOVERNMENT’S MOTION *IN LIMINE* TO PRECLUDE QUESTIONING WHICH  
ELICITS CLASSIFIED INFORMATION AND RESTRICTS COUNSEL FROM MAKING  
COMMENTS BEFORE THE JURY SUGGESTING CLASSIFIED INFORMATION IS  
BEING USED TO PROSECUTE THE DEFENDANT**

The United States of America, by and through United States Attorney Carmen M. Ortiz, and Assistant United States Attorneys (“AUSA”) Jeffrey Auerhahn and Aloke S. Chakravarty, for the District of Massachusetts, and Jeffrey D. Groharing, Trial Attorney, Counterterrorism Section, National Security Division, United States Department of Justice, hereby moves *in limine* to preclude the defendant from eliciting testimony from any witness that would reveal classified information or force a witness to indicate that a response would require them to disclose classified information. Likewise, the government requests the Court to order the defense to refrain from making inappropriate comments to the jury suggesting that classified information (or “secret evidence” or some other analog) is being used to prosecute the defendant.

The government has conducted an exhaustive review of materials in this case and provided discovery to the defense of

all materials Constitutionally required. In some instances classified materials have been declassified and provided to the defense.

Because all necessary national security materials have been declassified and are available to both parties, this is not a case in which the process detailed in the Classified Information Procedures Act (CIPA), 18 U.S.C. App. § 3, is necessary to determine what classified evidence may be elicited at trial. Nevertheless, the Defense is aware that there is classified information that was accumulated related to the foreign intelligence and national security investigations related to this prosecution. See e.g. D113 (Defendant's Motion for Production of All FISA Applications, Orders, and Related Materials, and for Disclosure of All Other Electronic Surveillance of the Defendant).

Because the defendant is aware that government agents may possess classified information, he must provide an appropriate notice if he reasonably expects to cause disclosure of classified information at trial. Section 5 of 18 U.S.C. App. 3 provides:

If the defendant reasonably expects to disclose or to cause the disclosure of classified information in any manner in connection with any trial or pretrial proceeding involving the criminal prosecution of such defendant, the defendant shall, within the time specified by the court or, where no time is specified, within thirty days prior to trial, notify the attorney for the United States and the court in writing. Whenever a defendant learns of additional classified

information he reasonable expects to disclose at any such proceeding, he shall notify the attorney for the United States and the court in writing as soon as possible thereafter and shall include a brief description of the classified information. No defendant shall disclose any information known or believed to be classified in connection with a trial or this subsection and until the United States has been afforded a reasonable opportunity to seek a determination pursuant to the procedure set forth in section 6 of this Act, an until the time for the United States to appeal such determination under section 7 has expired or any appeal under section 7 by the United States is decided.

Although the precise information which may be classified may not be known to the defense, the types of information reasonably known to implicate classified information include areas such as: that information presented to and issued from the FISA Court; those materials which the defendants do not possess which were derived from FISA-authorized techniques; any information about the basis of the initiation of the investigation of the defendants which has not been disclosed to the defense; the manner in which FISA-authorized surveillance and searches were conducted; and possible FBI investigations involving other individuals or entities.

For instance, questions regarding the FISA predication, or the initiation of the investigation of the defendants and/or others may elicit sensitive or classified information concerning potential targets or subjects of intelligence investigations. An objection, or a refusal to answer a question, on the grounds that the answer is classified may lead the jury to speculate about the

reasons, other than those described in the indictment and the evidence at trial. Moreover, any response to such a line of inquiry could also unfairly characterize the defendant to the jury.

To the extent the defense fails to comply with the requirements of 18 U.S.C. App. 3, the court may prohibit examination of any witness with respect to such information. See 18 U.S.C. App. 3 § 5(b).

Likewise, it is inappropriate for the defendant to make comments to the jury suggesting that classified information (or "secret evidence" or some other analog) is being used to prosecute the defendant. The defendant's attorneys and others releasing information on his behalf have publicly stated that the defendant is being prosecuted with secret information or that the government has improperly withheld classified information from the defense. Such statements clearly suggest government impropriety and unfairness to the accused. They are baseless and improper and have no place before the jury.

For the foregoing reasons, the government respectfully requests this Court to restrict the defendant from questioning witnesses in a manner reasonably believed to elicit classified information and to direct counsel to refrain from making any comment to the jury suggesting that classified information (or "secret evidence" or some other analog) is being used to

prosecute the defendant.

Respectfully submitted,  
CARMEN M. ORTIZ  
United States Attorney

By: /s/ Alope Chakravarty  
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Assistant U.S. Attorneys

Jeffrey D. Groharing  
Trial Attorney  
Counterterrorism Section  
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U.S. Department of Justice

Date: October 3, 2011

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have discussed this matter with counsel, and this document, filed through the ECF system, will be sent electronically to the registered participants as identified on the Notice of Electronic Filing (NEF).

/s/ Alope Chakravarty  
Alope Chakravarty  
Assistant U.S. Attorney