

Statement
on
Immigrant Integration, National Security and Public Safety
to the
Standing Senate Committee on
Social Affairs, Science and Technology

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INSIGNIS Strategic Research Inc
Ottawa, Canada

3 February 2011

Victoria Building
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140 Wellington Street
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Mr Chair, Honourable Senators:

Only a decade or so ago, I testified before a United States' congressional subcommittee that Canada was a land of 29 million; today, that number has rocketed to almost 34 million. Canada's immigration intake is the biggest per capita in the world, at about 250,000 per annum. Immigration Minister Jason Kenney boasted that we welcomed 519,000 newcomers altogether in a single, recent year.

One cannot discuss immigrant integration in the national security and public-safety context without appreciating the sheer magnitude of Canada's immigration, refugee and related intakes.

Such numbers may not be an issue on planets rejoicing in peace and prosperity, but here on Earth, in Canada, things are different. Mass immigration of Canada's kind has potential adverse consequences for security and stability.

Population movements are relevant to many Canadian security challenges. CSIS Director Richard Fadden signalled concerns about China's political influence operations, operations that can involve expatriates and others, and go directly to the sovereignty and independence of this nation. Regarding terrorism, Ontario's appeals court recently reflected with foreboding on the broadening vistas of violence in an age of mega-terror: we face an existential threat, warned the judges. Indeed, Iran, with its nuclear weapons' development and thousands volunteering for suicide missions, has an aggressive presence in this very city, variously relying on and victimizing its expatriates.

Let me focus on one of the leading threats: Islamic terrorism, and its handmaiden, Islamism – radical Islam. This particularly instructive issue involves direct risks of violence, but also an ideology that, even in a nominally non-violent form, presents a challenge to social cohesion and constitutional rights.

In recent years, tens of thousands came to Canada from Muslim-majority lands. At a time when radical Islam is a threat and nine of ten Canadian Muslims are foreign-born, one must ask about the attitudes newcomers bring from source countries. This, especially when Mr bin Laden has targeted our country.

In former days of lower numbers, a newcomer's radical tendencies might more readily have been overwhelmed by Canada's ambient liberal-pluralist atmosphere. Today, however, the huge intake means a growing number of ethnic concentrations or enclaves, from six in 1981 to 254 in 2002,

according to a 2004 Government study. This hints at increasing separation of communities, some of it self-imposed, and the undermining of integrationist hopes, notably including hopes of integration of Charter values.

Recent Pew Global attitudes surveys looked at Muslim attitudes in several Muslim-majority countries. One can hardly deduce from attitudes in a given country, the attitudes of émigrés from that country. Some may leave homelands precisely because they depart from homeland attitudes – may, indeed, be *bona fide* refugees. Think of Christians, Jews and moderate Muslims who for years have been persecuted under the Islamist apartheid systems prevalent in a number of Muslim lands. Nonetheless, poll results suggest security challenges for Canada, present and developing.

As hundreds fly from Egypt's upheaval to Canada, consider that fifty-nine percent of Muslim Egyptians prefer Islamists' in charge, versus 27 percent wanting modernizers. Eighty-four percent favour death for converts from Islam, a fact that has been noted by some fearful Coptic Christians in Canada. Eighty-two percent want death for adultery. Seventy-seven percent want whipping and amputations for thieves. One in five Egyptian Muslims sympathizes with our al-Qaeda enemy. Roughly 20,000 permanent residents came from Egypt in the past ten years.

In Jordan, Pakistan and Nigeria those favouring death for conversion amount to 86, 76 and 51 percent, respectively.

Thirty-four percent of Jordanian and almost half Nigeria's Muslims favour al-Qaeda. As for the West's Iran-created Hezbollah enemy, 54 percent of Jordanian Muslims favour it, like 92 percent of Lebanon's Shia Muslims and 40 percent of Indonesian Muslims. Only about a third of Pakistan's Muslims view unfavourably the Islamic terror organization that flailed Mumbai in 2008.

Does extremism travel well? A 2007 Environics poll says 12 percent of Canadian Muslims could justify a Toronto-18 type plot calling for mass-casualty attacks in Canada, including invading Parliament and beheading the prime minister. That means that between 49,000 and 119,000 Canadians could justify making war on fellow Canadians.

Perhaps such attitudes are reflected in the increasing number of terrorism cases.

Meanwhile, troubling interests are indoctrinating our Muslim youth. The Muslim Association of Canada (MAC), a major group, boldly declares on its website its allegiance to the tradition of Hassan al Banna and the Muslim Brotherhood – the organization causing dread in Egypt and beyond:

MAC's roots are deeply enshrined in the message of Prophet Mohammad (peace be upon him). Its modern roots can be traced to the Islamic revival of the early twentieth century, culminating in the movement of the Muslim Brotherhood. This movement influenced Islamic activities, trends and intellectual discourse throughout the world including those of Muslims who came to Canada in search of freedom, education and better opportunities.

MAC adopts and strives to implement Islam, as embodied in the Qur'an, and the teachings of the Prophet (peace be upon him) and as understood in its contemporary context by the late Imam, Hassan Albanna, the founder of the Muslim Brotherhood. MAC regards this ideology as the best representation of Islam as delivered by Prophet Muhammad (peace be

upon him). [Muslim Association of Canada, <http://www.macnet.ca/about-mac.php?print=Y> (accessed 3 February 2011.)]

This is problematic. The Muslim Brotherhood's motto is "Allah is our objective. The Prophet is our leader. The Qur'an is our law. Jihad is our way. Dying in the way of Allah is our highest hope." And the captured 1991 Muslim Brotherhood strategic plan for Canada and the US declares that:

The process of settlement is a 'Civilization-Jihadist Process,' with all the word means. The Ikhwan [Muslim Brotherhood] must understand that their work in American is kind of a grand Jihad in eliminating and destroying the Western civilization from within and sabotaging its miserable house ...

Among other organizations, there is also the disturbing Canadian Council on American-Islamic Relations (CAIR-CAN), the Canadian chapter of a Saudi-funded US unindicted co-conspirator organization. CAIR-CAN is known for its divisive, poorly documented insistence that Muslims are subject to broad-ranging persecution in Canada. Under its first Chair, Dr Sheema Khan, CAIR-CAN joined its US mother organization in unsuccessful "libel-lawfare" court assaults on commentators and constitutional free expression, in an effort to silence questions about CAIR and CAIR-CAN, their origins and agenda. This record, incidentally, has not stopped the RCMP's Community Outreach program, and a handful of other government entities, from stumbling into dealings with CAIR-CAN, much to the periodic embarrassment of officials.

Reacting to news that Canadian Muslim numbers – currently 940,000 – will triple by 2030, a prominent liberal Muslim warned this week that

... what is different from other immigrant groups is there is a subgroup among Muslims, I call Islamists, who come here with the intention of destroying the social fabric of the country That is very unusual for an immigrant group and will be more of a problem in the future.

Meanwhile, a few months ago, the moderate Muslim Canadian Congress raised other issues of internal security. It declared itself "troubled by the fact that Islamists had managed to penetrate the highest levels of the Ottawa bureaucracy and the political apparatus of all political parties."

Such arresting assertions must be tested and evaluated for accuracy. In the meantime, the combination of religious violence, sharia values, demographic shifts and associated considerations means that it is high time that Canadians ask direct questions about the managing of related policy, and the risks of failed integration.

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BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES

DAVID B. HARRIS

With three decades in the field of international security and intelligence affairs, David Harris is a Canadian lawyer involved in criminal and national security issues, and Director of the International and Terrorist Intelligence Program, INSIGNIS Strategic Research Inc. *Maclean's*, Canada's most prominent newsmagazine, calls Harris "one of Canada's leading experts on terrorism" and acknowledges "his almost unique willingness to speak publicly and fearlessly about Islamic extremism."

As a consultant, Harris has made security assessments of multi-billion-dollar infrastructure projects, including energy generation and distribution initiatives. As a lawyer, he has served as an intervener counsel at Canadian terrorism and intelligence commissions of inquiry, most recently the Air India Inquiry and the Iacobucci Internal Inquiry. He has also consulted with intelligence organizations in Canada and abroad, and served with the Canadian Security Intelligence Service (CSIS) in 1988-1990.

David Harris is a regular commentator in English and French on terrorism and national security, and has been a witness at US Congressional subcommittee and Canadian parliamentary committee hearings, his analyses receiving international media attention. Quoted in the *New York Times*, *The Washington Post*, and international news services, Harris has appeared on television's "America's Most Wanted," CBS's "60 Minutes," "NBC Dateline," "The Today Show," "The CBS News," CNN, and FOX's "O'Reilly Factor" and "The Big Story w/ John Gibson." Harris is featured weekly on CFRA Radio Ottawa's "The Intelligence File," and his writing has appeared in various publications.

In addition to his law qualification, Harris holds a Master of Science in Foreign Service degree from Georgetown University, Washington, DC, and a Master's in Public Administration from Carleton University, Ottawa, Canada.

David Harris has been honoured by the International Council of the Islamic *Supremo Ordine Salomonico dei Principi di Shekal*, Italy, for his role "in Canada and North America as a counterterrorism expert and security analyst committed to the defense of moderate Muslims and in the safeguard of their constitutional rights; [as well as] For his role in unmasking fanaticism and making reasoned moderation prevail ... [translation]"

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