1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA	
2	CASE NO.: 13-20364-CR-UNGARO	
3		
4	1 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)	
5	Plaintiff,	Miami, Florida
6	v.)	August 13, 2013
J	GUFRAN AHMED MOHAMMED and)	Pages 1 - 62
7	MOHAMMED HUSSEIN SAID,)	
8	Defendants.)	
9)	
9		
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PRETRIAL DETENTION HEARING	
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JOHN J. O'SULLIVAN UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
1.0		
12	APPEARANCES:	
13		
14		S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE NE 4th Street,
	Su	ite 620,
15		ami, Florida 33132 : RICARDO A. DEL TORO, AUSA
16		referred in BEE Toro, hobii
17	7 FOR DEFENDANT GUFRAN MOHAMMED: FE	DERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFC.
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19		: VINCENT P. FARINA, AFPD
2.0		
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(Thereupon, the following audiotape proceeding was held:)
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            THE COURT: On the calendar, United States versus Gufran
  Ahmed Kauser Mohammed. I guess that's how you say it.
            MR. DEL TORO: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Rick Del Toro
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 5 on behalf of the United States.
 6
            THE COURT: Thank you. How are you doing?
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            MR. DEL TORO: Good, sir. How are you?
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            THE COURT: All right.
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            MR. FARINA: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
            Vincent Farina, Assistant Federal Public Defender on behalf
10
11 of Gufran Ahmed Kauser Mohammed.
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            THE COURT: How are you, Mr. Farina?
            MR. FARINA: Fine, thank you, Judge.
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            MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Good afternoon, Judge.
14
            Silvia Pinera-Vazquez on behalf of Mohammed Hussein Said,
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16 who is present before the Court.
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            THE COURT: And are we going forward with this detention
18 hearing?
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            MR. FARINA: We are, Judge.
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            MR. DEL TORO: Yes.
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            THE COURT: Let's do the arraignment first, okay, so I
22 don't forget.
            MR. FARINA: Your Honor, at this time, we acknowledge the
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24 receipt of the indictment and waive its formal reading, enter a plea
25 of not guilty, and demand trial by jury, and invoke discovery and
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1 ask the Court to sign the standing discovery order.
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            THE COURT: Okay. Miss Pinera.
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Likewise, Your Honor, on behalf of Mr.
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   Said, we have received a copy of the indictment, waive formal
  reading, request a trial by jury, and that the standing discovery
  order be entered.
            THE COURT: Okay. Standing discovery and I accept your
 8 plea of not guilty and the matter will be referred to Judge Ungaro
  for a jury trial.
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            All right. The government may proceed by way of proffer.
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           MR. DEL TORO: Thank you, Your Honor.
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            I'll start the proffer by incorporating by reference the
13 facts in the speaking indictment which are extensive and clearly
14 detail the overt acts of the overall conspiracy.
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            THE COURT: All right.
            MR. DEL TORO: The first count of the indictment, Judge,
16
17 charges both defendants Gufran Ahmed Kauser Mohammed and Mohammed
18 Hussein Said with a broad conspiracy to provide materials to ports
19 to designated foreign terrorist organizations; Al-Qaeda and Iraq,
20 Al-Nusra Front and Al-Shabaab. Al-Qaeda and Iraq --
21
            THE COURT: Let me just interrupt you.
22
            Is your proceeding for risk of flight, or danger to the
23 community, or both?
24
           MR. DEL TORO: Yes, Judge, we seek pretrial detention based
25 on both risk of flight and danger.
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THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. 2 MR. DEL TORO: As the Court knows, Al-Qaeda is the umbrella organization of the designated foreign terrorist organizations. Al-Nusra Front is really part of Al-Qaeda in Iraq, which is 5 an affiliate of Al-Qaeda and is separately designated as well as a 6 terrorist organization. And Al-Shabaab is another affiliate of 7 Al-Qaeda which has operated in Somalia. The remaining charges concern wire transfers that defendant 8 9 Mohammed sent to an FBI undercover employee with the intent to 10 support Al-Qaeda -- AQI as I'll refer to Al-Qaeda in Iraq --11 Al-Nusra Front and as well as wire transfers that Mohammed sent to 12 Said, co-defendant Said, to support the Al-Shabaab terrorist 13 organization. 14 THE COURT: One of these is related to Syria or both of 15 them? MR. DEL TORO: Al-Nusra Front, Judge, is part of Al-Qaeda 16 17 in Iraq and it is related to Syria. It is an organization that is 18 engaging in fighting against President Assad's government in Syria. 19 They all are part of Al-Qaeda in Iraq and all sworn allegiance to 20 the umbrella group of Al-Qaeda. THE COURT: And what about Al-Shabaab? 21 MR. DEL TORO: Al-Shabaab is also a separately designated 22 23 foreign terrorist organization, which has also sworn allegiance to 24 Al-Qaeda and which is part of the umbrella group.

THE COURT: What do they want in this organization and

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where do they operate?

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MR. DEL TORO: They seek to wage Islamic jihad against terrorist -- or rather, against western powers. They are operating currently in Somalia fighting against the government there, the provisional government.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DEL TORO: The way this investigation began -- I'll 8 proffer some background about that.

An FBI undercover employee was able to develop two 10 fictitious on-line personas in Internet chat rooms. The U.C. was 11 posing as a brother and a sister who first made contact with 12 defendant Mohammed in a chat room on-line.

The U.C. acted as, essentially, these two siblings who had 14 an allegiance to Al-Qaeda and the purported brother claimed to have 15 fought with Al-Qaeda in Iraq.

The purported sister was represented to live in South 17 Florida where she was willing to receive defendant Mohammed's wire 18 transfer on behalf of her brother persona.

The brother persona claimed an active role in supplying 20 Al-Nusra Front with both weapons and fighters in their war in Syria.

The U.C. female persona first met Mohammed in a chat room that he managed in 2011. After what she claimed was a broken 22 engagement around March of 2012 with another participant in the chat 24 room, she introduced Mohammed to the male U.C. persona. It was the 25 same undercover employee who was posing as both, but the U.C. male

persona was the brother of the first individual and was the more 2 appropriate person to speak to defendant Mohammed and to ask for guidance about this broken engagement that the sister claimed to have had on-line. The ensuing conversations provided them the chance for the U.C. male persona to hold himself out as an Al-Qaeda supporter who 7 had been imprisoned and was actually actively assisting Al-Nusra 8 Front's fight against the government of President Assad in Syria. The defendant Mohammed approved of the male U.C. persona's 10 purported terrorist activities and wired him funds, thousands of 11 dollars, for the purpose of supporting Al-Qaeda in Syria and

12 elsewhere. These funds were actually picked up in Miami, these wire 13 transfers, by FBI agents.

THE COURT: What do you mean? How was the wire transfer 15 picked up?

MR. DEL TORO: There were Western Union wire transfers that 17 were actually picked up.

THE COURT: Where did Mohammed get the money from?

MR. DEL TORO: That, Judge, we're not ready to proffer yet.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. DEL TORO: The defendant Mohammed also facilitated the 22 on-line introduction of the U.C. male persona to co-defendant Said 23 who started working on getting experienced terrorist fighters out of 24 East Africa and into Syria.

The undercover discussions with both defendants Mohammed

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1 and Said consisted largely of on-line chat discussions, which have
 2 been preserved as evidence by the FBI.
            Eventually, around June of 2012, defendant Mohammed
   introduced the undercover to Said for the purpose of conspiring
   together to support Al-Qaeda, AQI, Al-Nusra, and Al-Shabaab.
            I'm going to give you the facts, Judge, chronologically
 7 because Counts 2 through 8, which are some of the Western Union wire
 8 transfers between defendant Mohammed and defendant Said, independent
 9 of the U.C., come first chronologically. So I'll start with the
10 evidence supporting Counts 2 through 8.
            Approximately in May of 2011, defendants Mohammed and Said
12 met in Saudi Arabia and had made arrangements to provide materials,
13 support, and funds to Al-Shabaab in Somalia.
            This is supported by evidence, including their on-line
15 chats with the undercover agent, or rather the undercover employee,
16 as well as travel records and passport records.
            THE COURT: When you're saying Mohammed, you're referring
18 to Gufran Ahmed Kauser Mohammed?
            MR. DEL TORO: Correct, Judge.
            THE COURT: And when you're saying Said, you're referring
21
   to Mohammed Hussein Said?
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            MR. DEL TORO: Correct, Judge.
            THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.
            MR. DEL TORO: Additional evidence of their conspiracy
25 included the actual Western Union records that confirmed that from
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1 June through September of 2011, these two defendants engaged in this
 2 conspiracy to support Al-Shabaab. Mohammed actually sent to Said
   over $11,000 in at least six wire transfers from Saudi Arabia to
  Kenya, which is conduct captured in Counts 2 through 7.
 5
            Count 8 captures the comment of defendant Mohammed's actual
  delivery of 14,000 Saudi Arabian riyals to an FBI undercover.
 7
            THE COURT: What is that worth?
 8
            MR. DEL TORO: Say that again?
 9
            THE COURT: What is that in U.S. dollars?
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            MR. DEL TORO: That is approximately $3,700 or $3,800.
            THE COURT: That occurs in Saudi Arabia?
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12
            MR. DEL TORO: It occurs in a foreign country, Judge.
13
            THE COURT:
                       Okay.
            MR. DEL TORO: Corroboration that these wire transfers
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15 existed between Mohammed and Said includes first the fact that
16 Defendant Said and his wife personally received the wire transfers
17 in their own real names, according to the wire transfer records that
18 the FBI obtained.
19
            Second, Defendant Said admitted to the undercover in an
20 on-line chat that Mohammed sent the wire transfers through
   intermediaries.
21
            Third, upon a search of Mohammed's mobile phone contained
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   the telephone numbers of the two people, unindicted co-conspirators
24 Maurya and Borae, who actually sent the wire transfers on behalf of
25 Mohammed to defendant Said.
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Fourth, Mohammed admitted in a surreptitiously recorded conversation between him and Said, after their arrest when they were placed in a police car that had been wired, that the FBI now knows about the wire transfers because it's from a search, alluding again, 5 to the border search where his phone was searched and the phone 6 numbers of his unindicted co-conspirators were found.

Now, corroboration for the actual purpose of these wire 8 transfers, that the purpose was for Said and Mohammed to materially support the Al-Shabaab terrorist organization, includes the 10 following evidence:

First, in a meeting between an FBI U.C. and Mohammed in 12 December of 2012, in a foreign country, Mohammed said that he had a 13 brother -- meaning a fellow Islamic terrorist -- in Kenya who was 14 working with Al-Shabaab referring to Said;

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Second, in July and August of 2012, Said provided in 16 on-line discussions to the U.C. -- or rather in on-line transactions 17 to the U.C. -- copies of actual passports, the front pages of 18 passports, for three terrorists whom Said told the U.C., we're 19 willing and available to be transported in order for them to go to 20 Syria and fight on behalf of Al-Qaeda and Iraq and Al-Nusra.

According to Said, one of the three terrorists, Shabbaan 22 Namukenda Makose, participated in a grenade attack on the Villa 23 Vista Bar in Kenya in May of 2012;

Third, Said also provided contact information for a fourth 25 terrorist, Salmin Khamis who, according to open source information,

was associated with an Al-Qaeda plot to bomb the U.S. Embassy in 2 Nairobi Kenya in 2002.

Having gone through the material support counts, substantive Counts 2 through 8 and the initial Al-Shabaab conspiracy, I'm going to turn now to the broader conspiracy including Al-Nusra.

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In April of 2012, the U.C. and Mohammed engaged in an 8 on-line chat in which they began to talk about their shared, or 9 purported shared, Islamic beliefs. In it, Mohammed praised Anwar 10 Al-Awlaki, the radical Al-Qaeda cleric and propagandist, who was 11 killed in a U.S. missile strike in Yemen. Mohammed stated that he 12 wished Allah destroy the dogs who killed Al-Awlaki.

Also, in April of 2012, Mohammed told the U.C., in an Internet discussion, that he wanted to send money for weapons and 15 support to fighters from Iraq who were operating in Syria.

In another on-line discussion about a bombing of a building 17 in Hama Syria during the Syrian war, Mohammed makes clear that he 18 wants to support Al-Qaeda and AQI and Al-Nusra Front, as opposed to the non terrorist faction of the free Syrian army. How does he do that? He refers to the U.C's associates in Syria as, quote, the terrorists.

Now, the government will present evidence in trial from 23 experts who will testify that AQI and Al-Nusra Front had been 24 engaging in terrorist attacks and suicide bombings throughout the 25 war in Syria.

In on-line chats, Mohammed also provided the moderate pro democracy Sunnis that live in Lebanon by saying, may Allah replace them.

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Then, on May 18th of 2012, the undercover employee expressly told Mohammed in an on-line chat that his fighters in Syria, for whom Mohammed offered support and for whom Said offered support are, quote, Al-Qaeda.

In other chats, Mohammed and Said told the U.C. that they 9 reached an agreement to support Al-Qaeda, Al-Nusra Front and 10 Al-Shabaab, around June of 2012 when Mohammed told the U.C. that he 11 had spoken to Said about joining the U.C.'s efforts to support 12 Al-Nusra Front in Syria.

As mentioned previously, Said had earlier worked with 14 Mohammed to support Al-Shabaab, another affiliate of Al-Qaeda in 15 Somalia. From the U.C.'s on-line conversations, Said showed that he 16 had remained involved in the support of Al-Shabaab in those earlier 17 efforts that are corroborated through the independent evidence that 18 was discussed earlier.

But then, in the June 3rd, 2012 conversation began a series 20 of discussions between the U.C. and Mohammed and Said about 21 purchasing weapons, about supporting Al-Qaeda operations, and moving 22 personnel to Al-Nusra Front in Syria for the purpose of fighting jihad.

Mohammed, then, began to send funds to the U.C. through 25 Western Union and to the U.C.'s purported sister in a series of wire

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transfers, which were received in Miami for those purposes.
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            THE COURT: What does that --
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            MR. DEL TORO: That conduct, Judge, is captured in Counts 9
   through 15.
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            THE COURT: What's the --
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            MR. DEL TORO: The total amount is $9,000 in cash in six
  Western Union wire transfers, as well as the delivery of 14,000
   Saudi riyals. So just short of $4,000 to purchase weapons and
   ammunitions.
            The evidence that establishes Mohammed and Said's
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   conspiracy to support Al-Qaeda through Al-Nusra Front is established
11
12 in at least four independent ways:
            First, Said offered recruits to the U.C., who in turn
13
14 claimed to be supporting Al-Nusra Front, which experts will say is
15 allied and is part of Al-Qaeda in Syria;
            Two, the fighters involved in these recruiting efforts are
16
17 themselves Al-Qaeda fighters or Al-Shabaab fighters. And Al-Shabaab
18 is the Al-Qaeda affiliate in East Africa. So supporting either of
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  these is supporting Al-Qaeda;
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            Three, Mohammed sent money to the U.C., who in turn claimed
  to be funding Al-Qaeda operations in Syria through Al-Nusra;
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            Four, Mohammed and Said both told the U.C. on-line that
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   they would support the U.C. in efforts to fund and support terrorist
24 attacks in the west and in the U.S.
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            From June to November of 2012, Mohammed sent the U.C. --
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I'm going to get into specifics now as to some of these actual facts 2 now, going from the general to the specific.

From June to November of 2012, Mohammed sent the U.C. these six wire transfers, which I mentioned to the Judge.

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Second, in Internet chats, Mohammed authorized the U.C. to actually take this money and pool it with other resources to fund an Al-Qaeda attack on an unidentified American or United Nations target.

Mohammed and Said also told the U.C. in other conversations 10 that Mohammed had raised funds for Al-Nusra Front and that Mohammed 11 had contacted a Libyan woman, while Said contacted a Bosnian 12 jihadist for additional money and recruits to help the U.C. in 13 support of Al-Nusra Front and Al-Qaeda in Syria.

Said also identified, in on-line discussions with the undercover, four specific terrorist recruits selected to go fight 16 with Al-Nusra Front, all Kenyans, each with individual past Al-Qaeda 17 or Al-Shabaab affiliations.

I'll tell you who those specific persons were: Salman 19 Khamis, who is associated with Al-Qaeda in East Africa; Shabaan 20 Makose, who was involved in the grenade attack on the Villa Vista sports bar in Mombassa Kenya in May of 2012; Salim Omar, who has had 22 military training and fought for two years with Al-Shabaab in Somalia; and Muner Nasir, who has had military training and fought 24 with Al-Shabaab in Somalia.

Said also told the U.C. that he was working on recruiting

1 several other unidentified individuals, including a man of Yemeni or 2 Arab descent, who is wanted in Kenya and could be sent in a second 3 waive of recruits via boats from the Somali coast boat ports to join the fight in Syria.

Said also told the U.C. that he would work on sending more recruits, which did not have the Al-Shabaab training, but who had good western passports and used the term, in order to use them for Al-Qaeda attacks in their respective homelands since it would be easier for them to re-enter their homelands in the west.

At one point during the chat, Said told the U.C. that 11 westerners are, quote, simply scared of their own terrorists.

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In additional communications with the U.C., Said told the 13 U.C. around February of 2013 that he had a recruit ready who was 14 ready to conduct a martyrdom operation in the U.S. to be like one of 15 the 19; referring to the 19 9/11 hijackers.

Around July of 2012, Mohammed told the U.C. in on-line 17 communications that he wanted the money that he sent to be pooled 18 again with other resources to conduct attacks on the U.S. or U.N. targets.

After their arrest, Mr. Said made some spontaneous comments to the FBI agents. He told one of the agents in a spontaneous comment that he was only trying to dupe co-defendant Mohammed in order to defraud him into sending Said money and that he lied to 24 Mohammed just to get --

> I'm sorry. Say that again. THE COURT:

MR. DEL TORO: Defendant Said told an FBI agent in spontaneous statements that he was only trying to dupe Mohammed and that he was only lying to him in order to get money from him.

THE COURT: What does that mean?

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MR. DEL TORO: Just proffering his own exculpatory statements, Judge, as to what his defense is going to be. And I'm going to go into why this evidence disproves his allegation to the 8 agent that he didn't have the intent to support terrorism.

After their arrest, the defendants were placed in a marked 10 police car and their conversation was recorded, as I mentioned earlier. During that conversation, Mohammed told Said that they 11 12 needed to say to the FBI, or needed to say to authorities, that the 13 money that Mohammed sent to Said was partially for a loan and 14 partially for the needy. So Mr. Mohammed tried to get their story straight while they are being recorded in the car. 15

Defendant Said told Mohammed that he had told the FBI that 17 he had lied to Mohammed. Later during the conversation, Mohammed 18 indicated or told Said that he thought that they were being recorded in the police car.

And at that point, Said told Mohammed that he had, in fact, lied to him about the money transfers and that he really used it for 22 his own personal use.

Now, the evidence disproves Mr. Said's purported defense 24 and I want to share, with the Court, a summary of what that evidence is.

Said shared with the undercover employee a number of facts about his modus operandi with Mohammed in their work to support Al-Shabaab where he provided important details, including the involvement of his Bosnian wife and the use of a cipher code to communicate.

These claims are, in fact, confirmed through independent evidence, including the Western Union records showing that Said's wife picked up the wire transfers from Mohammed. And the U.C. employee actually reviewed the cipher code that Said used on-line 10 pursuant to his instructions.

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Some of the most powerful evidence corroborating Said's 12 actual material support efforts are the fact that in July and August 13 of 2012, he sent to the U.C. copies of the passports for three terrorists who Said offered to the U.C. for transport in order to 15 support Al-Nusra Front in Syria.

I've mentioned those; Makose -- including Shabaan Makose --17 who actually participated in a real grenade attack in the Villa 18 Vista bar in Kenya.

Aside from his actual support efforts, Said admitted to the 20 U.C. on-line that he had participated in a suicide bombing plot that ended with the arrest of Jermaine John Grant, a British terrorist 22 suspect;

Second, Said told the U.C. that he had met Musa Deere, an 24 Al-Qaeda operative killed with Hazun Fazul, who was the top 25 Al-Shabaab and Al-Qaeda commander in East Africa;

Third, Said told the U.C. that he trained with another Al-Qaeda soldier who had protected Saleh Nabhan, an Al-Qaeda leader who was later killed in an American raid;

And fourth, Said told the U.C. that he knew Abdul Ghani, who had recruited several Minneapolis residents to join Al-Shabaab.

So Said's extensive knowledge of the most intricate details 7 of Al-Shabaab operations, and the most significant players in some 8 of those terrorist operations in Al-Shabaab and Al-Qaeda, show that 9 he was connected to and active with the leadership of Al-Shabaab and 10 Al-Qaeda in East Africa, contrary to what he told the FBI agent in 11 his statements in the car.

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I want to talk to the Court briefly about the defendants' 13 identities. Mohammed and Said used fictitious usernames in their 14 on-line chats with the U.C. However, their identities as the 15 terrorist financier that Mohammed was, and the logistician that Said 16 was, or is, who conspired together and communicated with the U.C. 17 will be easily proved. Because, ultimately, Mohammed met with an 18 FBI U.C. in person in a third country after agreeing on-line to meet 19 him to provide funds for Al-Nusra Front.

Likewise, Said's identity as the person who communicated 21 with the U.C. will be proved because Said traveled from Kenya to a third country to meet with Mohammed after agreeing to do so on-line in a ruse where an FBI U.C. agent pretended to be Mohammed and asked 24 Said to meet him in a third country.

Said and Mohammed was, then, illegally expelled from the

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third country and turned over to the FBI pursuant to an Interpol Red
  Notice.
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            Judge, that concludes my proffer. I don't know whether you
  want to go forward with cross-examination of the agent. Special
 5 Agent Wesley Madhere of the FBI is available to testify.
 6
            THE COURT: All right.
            All right. How you do you want to proceed, Mr. Farina?
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            MR. FARINA: Yes, we would like an opportunity to
 9 cross-examine the agent.
10 (Witness sworn.)
11
            THE WITNESS: My name is Wesley Madhere; last name is
12 spelled M-A-D-H-E-R-E.
            THE COURT: Go ahead, Counsel.
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           MR. FARINA: Thank you.
                           DIRECT EXAMINATION
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16 BY MR. FARINA:
17 Q.
        Good afternoon, Agent.
18 A. Good afternoon.
19 Q.
        Are you the lead agent in this case?
20 A.
        I am not.
        You heard the proffer by Mr. Del Toro?
21 Q.
       Yes, I did.
22 A.
        Okay. Is everything that he proffered accurate, to the best of
23 Q.
24 your knowledge?
25 A.
        To the best of my knowledge.
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- 1 Q. This investigation was initiated by an American law
- 2 enforcement, the FBI?
- 3 A. Yes, this investigation was.
- 4 Q. Okay. It wasn't initiated by the Saudis?
- 5 A. No, it was not.
- 6 Q. You're aware that my client was detained by the Saudi
- 7 government in their law enforcement in January of 2013?
- 8 A. I am aware.
- 9 Q. Okay. And was that done at the request of the FBI or any
- 10 United States law enforcement agency?
- 11 A. I do not know the answer to that question. I am simply aware
- 12 of the detainment.
- 13 Q. And you're not aware of whether the FBI or anyone else
- 14 requested that of the Saudi government?
- 15 A. I'm not aware.
- 16 Q. And you haven't learned that since this investigation is
- 17 completed?
- 18 A. I have not.
- MR. FARINA: Judge, I want to proffer to the Court that,
- 20 based on my understanding, he was not detained pursuant to an
- 21 American request.
- THE COURT: All right.
- 23 BY MR. FARINA:
- 24 Q. He was released in July of 2013; is that accurate?
- 25 A. Yes, that's accurate.

- 1 Q. After about six months in their custody?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 Q. Now, my client gave some statements to the Saudi people that
- 4 detained him. Are you aware of that?
- 5 A. I'm aware of that. I'm not privileged to that information, no.
- 6 0. But that material has been memorialized?
- 7 A. I don't know.
- 8 Q. His statements?
- 9 A. Yes, his statements have.
- 10 Q. And does the FBI have them?
- 11 A. I am not aware of those statements.
- 12 Q. Have any of those statements been used in the preparation of
- 13 this indictment?
- 14 A. Not that I know of.
- 15 Q. After he was released he remained in Saudi Arabia, is that
- 16 accurate, my client?
- 17 A. That is accurate.
- 18 Q. With his family?
- 19 A. I'm not sure if he was with his family. I know he remained in
- 20 Saudi Arabia.
- 21 Q. And then, he, again, was taken into custody by the Saudis in
- 22 August, right?
- 23 A. He was detained based on an Interpol Red Notice and turned over
- 24 to FBI custody.
- 25 Q. At what is that, what you just described, a red notice?

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It's an Interpol Red Notice based on the fact that there was an
 2 indictment existing here in the United States. He was detained and
  turned over to U.S. custody.
        And to the best of your knowledge, none of the information that
 5 was gained from my client being detained by the Saudis was used in
 6 the preparation of this indictment?
        I am not aware of how any statements made by your client were
 8 used.
       Now, is it accurate that the Saudi government officials, their
  Q.
10 law enforcement, confiscated and obtained a computer that was at my
11 client's residence in Saudi Arabia?
12
           MR. DEL TORO: Judge, at this point, I'm going to object to
13 going beyond the scope of the PTD hearing and the strength of the
14 government's case.
            THE COURT: Okay. How is that relevant?
15
           MR. FARINA: Your Honor, they're talking about a computer
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17 that was being used by my -- allegedly by my client.
18
            If this was seized, this is part of the evidence in the
19 case that they're using to link my client to the chat rooms and to
20 contacts with the OCE and all this recruitment conversation that I
  think it's important.
21
22
            Especially, if the Saudis have it. Do they have the hard
23 drive? Do they have this material, or did they turn it over to the
24 FBI?
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What does that have to do with whether he

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THE COURT:

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should be detained? That might be important and maybe you're
2 entitled to it in discovery, but what does that have to do with
 whether or not he's a danger or a risk of flight?
          MR. FARINA: Well, Your Honor, the government just gave you
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about a 15-minute resuscitation of computer contacts and computer conversations, and other evidence that they're putting forth.

And I think that the fact that this computer has been turned over to the FBI and what has it shown? Has it shown that my client has been using it, or someone else in the family? The home is occupied by other individuals and not just my client.

THE COURT: Do you want to respond to that?

MR. DEL TORO: Yes, Judge.

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15 that effect.

I did not proffer that any computer has been seized from 14 Defendant Mohammed. And I didn't hear the agent say anything to

My objection is it's going beyond the scope of the PTD 17 hearing because you can engage in on-line chats from Internet cafe, 18 mobile phones, multiple computers.

And whether the Saudis do or do not have a computer 20 belonging to the defendant does not effect the strength of the 21 government's evidence in this case.

THE COURT: The objection is overruled.

You can answer the question. I find that it's relevant to 24 the government's evidence that they've provided regarding the use of 25 a computer to make contact between the defendants, as well as with

```
1 the FBI undercover.
 2
            Go ahead. What's the question? Ask it again if you want
 3
   to.
           MR. FARINA: Sure.
 5 BY MR. FARINA:
        The Saudis seized my client's computer, or a computer at the
 7 house where he was arrested; is that accurate?
        I'm not aware if the Saudis have seized any computers. I'm not
 8 A.
 9 aware of the location of your client's computer at this time.
        I am aware that the evidence presented here is based on
10
11 conversations between the defendant and the OC.
12 0.
        So what you're saying, you don't know if the computer or the
13 hard drive is in FBI custody at this time?
       I personally do not know.
14 A.
       Okay. Now, regarding the conversations that were had between
15 0.
16 the OCE in this chat room, who were they initiated by?
       The evidence reflects communications that were initiated by the
18 defendant.
19 Q.
        And the OCE posing either as a brother or a sister responded,
20 is that what --
21 A.
       That is correct.
       That's what you understand?
22 0.
23 A.
       Yes.
24 0.
       Now, have all those communications, back and forth, been
```

25 preserved?

- A. As far as I know, they have been preserved.
- 2 Q. Have you had an opportunity, as one of the agents investigating
- 3 this case, to review any of those?
- 4 A. I have had an opportunity to review some of those
- 5 communications. Not all.
- $6 \mid \mathsf{Q}.$ Did my client -- the money that was sent via wire, it was sent
- 7 from my client through a Western Union and to the United States?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. But not in all the cases, is it; isn't that accurate?
- 10 A. We have at least -- at least seven Western Union wire transfers
- 11 from your client to the United States. We believe more, but we have
- 12 at least seven.
- 13 I'm not aware of any of those wire transfers going anywhere
- 14 other than the United States and for the wire transfers from the
- 15 defendant to the OC.
- 16 Q. Now, the OCE was located at all times in the United States?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. We heard the name of some individuals that were allegedly being
- 19 recruited for jihad; is that accurate?
- 20 A. Yes, we have.
- 21 Q. Okay. Now, in the indictment there's the initials S.K., right?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. A.B., S.M., and M.N., correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. All right. Have those people been identified?

- 1 A. Yes. Those individuals have been identified and I believe they
- 2 were presented during the proffer.
- 3 Q. Are they in custody?
- 4 A. They are unindicted co-conspirators, as far as I'm concerned,
- 5 but I'm not aware of them being in custody.
- 6 Q. They're not in the custody of the Saudi government?
- 7 A. I'm not aware of this.
- 8 Q. How about the United States Government?
- 9 A. I'm not aware of this.
- 10 Q. But you know the locations of them and their identities; is
- 11 that accurate?
- 12 A. I know of their identities.
- 13 Q. But not where they're at now?
- 14 A. I don't know where they are.
- 15 Q. Well, how about the FBI and the other investigative --
- 16 MR. DEL TORO: Objection.
- 17 BY MR. FARINA:
- 18 Q. -- branches, they don't know?
- 19 MR. DEL TORO: Objection as to personal knowledge. The
- 20 witness testified that he doesn't know.
- 21 BY MR. FARINA:
- 22 Q. Now, does this investigation involve classified information?
- 23 MR. DEL TORO: Judge, I'm going to object.
- It's beyond the scope. And as the Court knows, there's a
- 25 CIPA procedure to discuss this.

```
MR. FARINA: Well, I'm just asking if it was yes or no,
  Judge, that's so I don't touch it.
            THE COURT: I don't know what would prevent him from saying
 3
  yes or no.
 5
            MR. DEL TORO: Judge, I mean, at this time, I think it goes
 6 far beyond the PTD hearing and the scope of it and the strength of
 7 the government's case.
            THE COURT: Overruled.
 8
 9 BY MR. FARINA:
10 0.
        You can answer.
11 A.
       Yes.
12 0.
       Okay. Was a FISA warrant obtained?
            MR. DEL TORO: Objection, Judge.
13
14
            THE COURT: Sustained.
15 BY MR. FARINA:
        Does the government, or law enforcement, or the FBI plan on
16 0.
17 using evidence derived from any of these FISA warrants?
            MR. DEL TORO: Objection, Judge.
18
19
            MR. FARINA: I think if they're going to use the evidence,
20 Judge, I am entitled to notice.
21
            THE COURT: Well, you are entitled to notice if they are
22 going to use the evidence, but not at a bond hearing. So I will
23 sustain the objection.
24
            I mean, I believe you're entitled to notice is my
25 understanding, but I don't think you're entitled to notice now.
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```
1 BY MR. FARINA:
        There was a matter of testimony regarding a police car and
 3 conversations in a police car. Where did that occur at?
        The conversations that were recorded in a marked unit were here
 4 A.
 5 in the Southern District of Florida.
 6 Q.
        In the Southern District?
 7 A.
       Yes.
 8
            THE COURT: How were they in a police car in the Southern
 9 District of Florida? Weren't they brought in here from a foreign
10 country?
11
           THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.
12
           THE COURT: How did they end up in a police car together?
            THE WITNESS: As far as I'm aware, Your Honor, once they
13
14 returned here to the United States, they were both placed in a
15 marked unit.
            THE COURT: They came into the United States together?
16
17
            THE WITNESS: As far as I'm aware. Yes, Your Honor.
18
           THE COURT: Okay.
19 BY MR. FARINA:
20 Q.
       And in fact, Agent, they run a small aircraft from Saudi,
   correct, into the United States?
21
           MR. DEL TORO: I'm going to object, Judge. Again, outside
22
23 the scope.
24
            THE COURT: Overruled.
25
            I don't know the answer to that. Is that correct?
                                                                Were
```

```
1 they transported here together?
 2
            THE WITNESS: Your Honor, yes, they were transported here
 3
   together.
            THE COURT: Okay.
 5 BY MR. FARINA:
 6 Q.
      Yes, right?
 7 A.
       Yes.
 8 Q. And the FBI took these men into custody in Saudi Arabia from
 9 the Saudis; is that accurate?
            MR. DEL TORO: Objection, again, as to the scope, Judge.
10
            THE COURT: Overruled.
11
12 BY MR. FARINA:
        Is that accurate?
13 0.
        The defendants were turned over to the custody of the FBI based
14 A.
15 on the Interpol Red Notice.
16 0.
        In Saudi Arabia and then transported to the United States?
17 A.
        Yes.
18 Q. Are all the Western Union wire transfers, are they all
19 documented? Have there been proof of those wire transfers?
20
            THE WITNESS: Your Honor, may I ask that he be more
21 specific as to which Western Union transfers?
22 BY MR. FARINA:
23 Q.
        Well, how many were there?
24 A.
        We have at least seven Western Union transfers from the
25 defendant Mohammed to the OCE and we have at least six wire
```

- 1 transfers from -- I'm sorry. We have at least seven wire transfer
- 2 from the Defendant Said -- Gufran Mohammed to the Defendant Said.
- 3 We have at least six wire transfers from the Defendant Mohammed to
- 4 the OCE.
- 5 Q. Okay. Now, these wire transfers were done by means of Western
- 6 Union; is that accurate?
- 7 A. That is correct.
- 8 Q. Have you obtained any of the videos or photographs of the
- 9 person obtaining those Western Union transfers and forwarding them?
- 10 A. No, no video.
- 11 Q. All right. And no photographs of the man or person that may
- 12 have forwarded -- obtained the Western Union transfers at the
- 13 Western Union location and then forwarded it? You don't have any
- 14 photographs of that person?
- 15 A. We don't have any photographs, but we do have communications
- 16 between both defendants and the OCE that they used a third party to
- 17 send those wire transfers.
- 18 Q. Have you identified the third party?
- 19 A. We have the name of the individual senders on the wire
- 20 transfers.
- 21 Q. Are they in custody?
- 22 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 23 Q. Do you know their locations?
- 24 A. I do not.
- 25 Q. Now, the total amount of money involved that was sent was about

- 1 \$25,000; is that accurate? When you include the \$14,000 of Saudi 2 money?
- A. To be specific, we have over \$11,000 of Western Union wire
- 4 transfers from Mohammed to Said. And then, we have a total of -- a
- 5 little over \$9,000, I believe, from Mohammed to the OCE. And 14,400
- 6 riyals is the amount that was given to the undercover by Mohammed.
- 7 Q. Now, the OCE in this case was posing as a fundraiser, or a
- 8 recruiter, or a supplier; is that accurate?
- 9 A. That is correct.
- 10 Q. Did Mr. Mohammed introduce the OCE to any other people?
- 11 A. Yes. Mohammed introduced the OCE to at least two other
- 12 individuals, who he claimed to be affiliated with the mojahedin,
- 13 which is violent jihadist, the fighter/terrorists.
- 14 Q. Did they meet with the OCE?
- 15 A. No, they did not.
- 16 Q. All right. So there was no physical meeting between these two
- 17 other people?
- 18 A. No, there was not.
- 19 Q. With the OCE?
- 20 A. No.
- 21 Q. How did this introduction occur, then?
- 22 A. This is an introduction -- introductions on-line.
- 23 And if I may add, there was also the introduction of the OCE to
- 24 the defendant Said by Mohammed.
- 25 Q. Now, all the OCE initiated contacts, I take it, they have been

- 1 preserved, recorded, and documented; is that accurate?
- 2 A. As far as I know.
- 3 Q. And on May 18th of 2012, the government mentioned that the OCE
- 4 was told by the defendant directly about -- or he told the defendant
- 5 Mohammed about his affiliation with Al-Qaeda and other groups, true?
- 6 Is that accurate?
- 7 A. I'm sorry. Would you repeat the question?
- 8 Q. Sure. On May 18th, Mohammed and the OCE had a conversation.
- 9 Do you recall that?
- 10 A. Yes. In May of that year, Mohammed and the OCE had several
- 11 conversations during the --
- 12 Q. During one of these conversations, the OCE allegedly told Mr.
- 13 Mohammed about him, the OCE, being directly involved with Al-Qaeda,
- 14 correct?
- 15 A. That is correct.
- 16 Q. And has that conversation been preserved?
- 17 A. It has.
- 18 Q. And was there a response that you recall from my client?
- 19 A. Yes. Over the time frame of that month of May, there was
- 20 confirmation that the OCE was affiliated with Al-Qaeda or Al-Qaeda
- 21 in Iraq and/or I'm not sure -- the defendant Mohammed stated that he
- 22 was interested in supporting those mojahedin fighters associated
- 23 with Iraq.
- 24 Q. And those conversations and responses from my client were
- 25 recorded and documented?

- 1 A. They have been documented.
- 2 Q. Now, did my client make any statements to the FBI during his
- 3 plane trip from Saudi Arabia to the United States?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Have you seen them?
- 6 A. I have not.
- 7 Q. Do you know the substance of those statements?
- 8 A. Vaguely.
- 9 Q. Please, inform us. Did he admit this?
- 10 A. No, he did not.
- 11 Q. In fact, he was blindfolded during the trip, wasn't he?
- 12 A. I am not aware of that.
- 13 Q. Are you aware that the Saudi government and their personnel,
- 14 during the time he was detained or in custody from January to July
- 15 of 2013, was tortured?
- 16 MR. DEL TORO: Objection. Judge, again, we're going
- 17 outside of the scope here.
- 18 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 19 You need to wrap it up here in the next few minutes.
- 20 MR. FARINA: I have one more question, Judge.
- THE COURT: Okay.
- 22 BY MR. FARINA:
- 23 Q. Also there has been -- the government has proffered that there
- 24 would be funds that would -- some of these funds would be used to
- 25 attack U.S. assets, or targets, or U.N. targets.

- Are you familiar with that?
- 2 A. I'm familiar with the statements, those statements that
- 3 Mohammed made to the OC.
- 4 Q. And when was that done?
- 5 A. In the summer of 2012, the defendant Mohammed made statements
- 6 to the OCE that he was interested in the money he sent through the
- 7 wire transfers to be pooled with other resources to support attacks
- 8 against U.S. and U.N. targets.
- 9 After, in September of 2012, the defendant Mohammed made
- 10 comments that he was interested in funds he had just sent, also to
- 11 be used in support of attacks against the U.S. or U.N. targets,
- 12 similar to those of the attacks on Benghazi.
- 13 Q. And you have heard -- or listened or heard -- these
- 14 communications?
- 15 A. No, I have not heard or listened to.
- 16 Q. Where are you getting your information, reading reports?
- 17 A. Yes. Those conversations were documented and I read that
- 18 report.
- 19 Q. Did you read a transcript of the conversation?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. So it's been recorded and memorialized?
- 22 A. That's correct.
- 23 0. And whatever the recording device, that has been saved also?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. These -- I received some discovery or Jencks material regarding

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1 some of the monies that you have received via Western Union from Mr.
 2 Mohammed.
 3
        Do you remember those; how many there were?
        Yes. Again, there were at least six wire transfers.
        And with those wire transfers, did you have any Internet or
 6 chat room conversation with Mr. Mohammed?
 7 A.
        I did not.
 8
  Q. Yourself?
 9 A.
        I did not.
            MR. FARINA: Thank you, Judge. Nothing further.
10
11
            THE COURT: Okay. Miss Pinera-Vazquez, any cross?
12
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Yes.
13
                            CROSS EXAMINATION
14 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
        Agent Madhere, is that how you pronounce it?
15 0.
        Madhere.
16 A.
        Madhere. Now, you're not the lead agent on this case?
17 0.
18 A.
        No, I am not.
19 Q.
        Who's the lead agent?
20 A.
        The lead agent is Special Agent Justin Acres.
21 Q.
        And what was your role in this investigation?
22 A.
        I played a supporting role. I was a co-case agent assigned to
23 the undercover operation associated with this particular
24 investigation.
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Did you participate in any undercover operations in this

25 Q.

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1 investigation aside from just monitoring?
        Yes.
 2 A.
 3
        And what was that?
        I accompanied the OCE on receiving the wire transfers from
 5 defendant Mohammed. And I accompanied the team associated with any
 6 operations of the undercover nature.
        So any on-line operations, I helped the OCE to facilitate that
 8 from a technical standpoint, but not involved in the conversations.
        Is the OCE a local agent?
 9 Q.
            MR. DEL TORO: Objection.
10
11
            THE COURT: Sustained.
12 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
        Did you travel to Saudi Arabia to pick up the defendants?
13 0.
      No, I did not.
14 A.
        So as part -- you said that you accompanied the OC as part of
15 0.
16 your undercover duties to pick up monies sent from Mohammed,
17 correct?
18 A.
        That's correct.
19 Q.
        You never received any monies from my client, Mr. Said,
20 correct?
21 A.
        I did not.
22 Q.
        And as far as you know, he never wired any money to the United
23 States, correct?
```

- 24 A. I am only aware of the money that he received from Mohammed.
- 25 Q. Right. But my question is, you're not aware of any money that

- 1 he wired to the United States, correct?
- 2 A. That's correct.
- 3 Q. In fact, let's talk about Mr. Said's ties to the United States.
- 4 As far as you know, he's not a U.S. citizen, correct?
- 5 A. That is correct.
- 6 O. He's not a permanent resident either?
- 7 A. He is not, as far as I know.
- 8 Q. In fact, as far as you know, he has never set foot in the
- 9 United States before this time, correct?
- 10 A. As far as I know.
- 11 Q. Do you have his passport?
- 12 A. I do not.
- 13 Q. Do you have any information from any other source that he had
- 14 ever been in the United States before?
- 15 A. I do not.
- 16 Q. In fact, as far as you know, Mr. Said has lived in Kenya all of
- 17 his life?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. He has lived in a small town about four hundred kilometers far
- 20 away from Nairobi called Mombassa, correct?
- 21 A. I'm aware that the defendant has resided in both Nairobi and
- 22 Mombassa.
- 23 Q. And his family is still in Mombassa, correct?
- 24 A. I am unaware of this.
- 25 O. Let's discuss the chat rooms.

```
1
        I believe that Mr. Del Toro said that this case was initiated
 2 in the chats rooms; is that correct?
 3 A.
       That's correct.
  Q. And about when was that time wise?
       In the fall of 2011 or the initial contacts between Mohammed
 6 and the OCE.
 7 0.
       And who initiated that contact? Did the OCE initiate the
 8 contact or did Mohammed initiate the contact?
 9
            MR. DEL TORO: I would object to asked and answered and
10 scope, Judge.
11
            THE COURT: Overruled.
12
            THE WITNESS: During the initial contact, in the fall of
13 2011, I believe that the OCE initiated the contact.
14 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
15 Q. And that chat room was controlled by the OCE; is that correct?
            THE WITNESS: Your Honor, could we define controlled by?
16
17
            THE COURT: Well, go ahead and define.
18
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: I guess he wants me to define control.
19 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
20 Q.
       Did the OCE set up the chat room?
21 A.
       No.
22 0.
       Do you know who did?
23 A.
       I do not.
24 Q.
       Did the Government of the United States set up the chat room?
25 A.
       No.
```

- 1 Q. Okay. So the chat room is open to the entire world on the
- 2 Internet, correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Now, certainly that initiation by the OC -- by the way, the OC
- 5 is a government agent; is that correct?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- 7 Q. The Government of the United States initiated contact with
- 8 Mohammed, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 Q. The Government of the United States did not initiate any
- 11 contact with my client, Mr. Said, at that time, correct?
- 12 A. In the fall of 2011?
- 13 Q. Yes.
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 Q. So when did they first initiate contact with Mr. Said, if at
- 16 all?
- 17 A. Yes. I believe it was the summer of 2012, in which Mohammed
- 18 introduced the OCE to Said.
- 19 Q. Now, that introduction was via the chat room, right?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- 21 Q. Because in the amorphous world of the Internet and chat rooms
- 22 there are no personal introductions, right? There's no
- 23 face-to-face?
- 24 A. There's no face-to-face.
- 25 Q. So when you say introduced, you said really the OCE introduced

- Case 1:13-cr-20364-UU Document 31 Entered on FLSD Docket 09/03/2013 Page 39 of 63 1 or Mohammed introduced the OCE to my client and my client's Internet 2 profile. Is that what you're saying? 3 A. That is correct. Because there was no face-to-face introduction, correct? At that time, correct. Right. We're talking about that time? 6 Q. 7 A. Yes. And in fact -- or maybe I should ask you, do you know who was 8 Q. 9 on the other side of the computer saying they were Mohammed Hussein 10 Said? What we do know is based on later communications early this 11 A. 12 year between Said and the OCE, who at the time Said believed to be 13 Mohammed. The OCE was able to, one, confirm the identity of Said, and
- 14 15 two, based on arrangements for Said to travel to meet Mohammed, your 16 client is the one who traveled to meet Mohammed.
- Okay. Let me just break that down a little bit. 17 0.
- 18 A. Okay.
- 19 Q. You're saying that this year the government posed as Mohammed
- 21 A. Correct.
- And they were in contact with whom they thought was the person 22 0.
- 23 named Mohammed Hussein Said?

20 on the Internet, correct?

- 24 THE COURT: Let's just call your client Said.
- 25 MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Sorry. Said.

```
THE WITNESS: Yes.
 2 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
       But you have no confirmation that that was the actual person
 4 that's standing in this courtroom today; am I right?
        Well, again, what we know is based on those communications with
 6 that particular individual on-line, in which they made arrangements
 7 for Said to travel to meet Mohammed. It's your client who actually
 8 traveled to meet him.
     But okay. And that happened subsequently to that -- well, when
10 did that conversation occur?
        I would have to reference the indictment for the specific time
11 A.
12 frame.
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Yes, thank you.
13
14 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
        Yes, did that refresh your recollection?
15 0.
        Yes. I believe according to the indictment that confirmation
16 A.
17 was made by Said to travel in December of 2012.
       And where did Mr. Said travel to?
18 Q.
19
            MR. DEL TORO: Objection, Judge, to relevance and scope.
20
            MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Judge, I'm trying to --
21
            THE COURT: Overruled.
22
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Thank you.
23 MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
24 0.
        You can answer.
        Said traveled to meet Mohammed in Saudi Arabia.
25 A.
```

- Q. And did he -- to meet Mohammed, you mean the co-defendant?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. And did Mohammed and the co-defendant actually meet?
- 4 A. I'm not aware of whether or not the two defendants met on the 5 ground.
- However, I know that they traveled together back to the United
 States and had subsequent communications once they were here
 recorded in the marked vehicle.
- 9 Q. Okay. But let's not mix it up. We're talking about December
- 10 2012. You're saying that the government came up with this plan for
- 11 Mr. Said to travel to Saudi Arabia and meet Mohammed. And you're
- 12 talking, now, six months later or seven months later what happened a
- 13 couple of days ago.
- So what I wanted to focus on is his identity.
- Did he meet with Mohammed or not, is my first question, back in December of 2012?
- 17 A. No. Back in December 2012, my statement was that they made
- 18 confirmations to travel on-line, that Said stated that he would be
- 19 ready to travel to meet Mohammed.
- 20 Q. And do you have any information that he actually physically
- 21 traveled to Saudi Arabia?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 O. And how do you know that?
- 24 A. I know this from reports.
- 25 Q. And those reports said that someone physically saw Mr. Said in

```
1 Saudi Arabia, right? Is that what you're telling me?
 2 A.
       Yes.
 3
           THE COURT: December when?
 4 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
       When? When did he travel?
 5 Q.
 6 A. In August of 2013.
 7 Q.
       No. We're getting confused. I want you to focus on December
 8 2012. Okay. My questions are just going to be directed -- and then
 9 we'll deal with August, but right now we're just focusing on
10 December 2012.
       Okay. There was no travel in December of 2012. There was
11 A.
12 confirmation on-line.
13 Q. Okay. So the next question is: So nobody from the U.S.
14 Government or, any other government, saw my client, Mr. Said,
15 actually travel to Saudi Arabia; is that correct?
           THE COURT: In 2012?
16
17
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: In 2012.
18 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
19 Q.
       In December 2012?
20 A.
       In December 2012, correct.
21 Q.
        So again, the confirmation that you're saying is based on
22 Internet chat rooms in the amorphous world where there is no
23 face-to-face, correct?
24 A.
       This is correct.
```

In fact, the first time that the government had seen Mr. Said

25 Q.

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1 was when he was arrested in Saudi Arabia in August 25th of 2013,
  correct?
 3 A.
       Correct. Between that time there were additional
   communications between Said and the OCE.
 5 Q.
        And when you say communications, again, you're not talking
 6 about face-to-face communications, right?
       No. I'm referring to on-line communications between Said and
 8 the OCE.
       So what information do you have that the person identifying
10 themselves as Said was, in fact, the person that's in court today?
11 What evidence do you have?
12 A.
       Again, based on the communications that Said had with the OC
13 under that on-line username, the defendant is the one who actually
14 traveled to meet with Mohammed based on the arrangements that they
15 made.
       When was that?
16 0.
           MR. DEL TORO: Objection, asked and answered.
17
18
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Well, Judge --
19
            THE COURT: I'm trying to figure out, is that in August of
20 2013? When did he travel to meet with Mohammed?
           THE WITNESS: In August of 2013.
21
22
           THE COURT: Okay.
23 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
24 0.
      So there were arrangements to travel with Mohammed in August of
```

25

2013. Is that what you're telling us?

- 1 A. I'm sorry?
- 2 Q. There was a confirmation -- there were arrangements with
- 3 Mohammed to meet in Saudi Arabia this month. Is that what you're
- 4 telling the Court?
- 5 A. As far as I know, yes.
- 6 Q. And aside from that one -- in other words, his arrest a week
- 7 ago, was there any other physical sighting of a person identifying
- 8 himself in the Internet chat rooms as Said?
- 9 A. Again, one more time, please.
- 10 Q. Aside from a week ago when Mr. Said was arrested, what other
- 11 evidence do you have that the person identifying themselves as Said
- 12 in the chat rooms was actually the person in court today?
- 13 A. I'm not aware of the additional evidence.
- 14 THE COURT: You have five minutes to wrap up.
- MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Yes, Judge.
- 16 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
- 17 O. All right. Part of the -- I believe the indictment states that
- 18 there were -- that Mr. Said was involved in what is labeled as
- 19 recruiting for Al-Nusra; is that correct?
- 20 A. Al-Nusra Front, correct.
- 21 Q. I'm sorry?
- 22 A. Al-Nusra Front.
- 23 Q. Al-Nusra. I'm sorry. I could never say that.
- And in the indictment and by proffer, Mr. Del Toro mentioned
- 25 four or five names that were all previous Al-Qaeda operatives; is

```
1 that right?
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- 2 A. Al Qaeda, or Al-Shabaab, or Al-Qaeda in Iraq.
- 3 Q. Why would these individuals who were already involved in
- 4 Al-Qaeda and Al-Shabaab be recruiting?
- 5 A. I am not aware of that.
- 6 Q. They're already part of the organization, right?
- 7 A. I --
- 8 Q. And do you have any evidence that Mr. Said actually met with
- 9 any of these alleged recruits?
- 10 A. What we have is Said presenting actual copies of the passports
- 11 of these individuals and providing those to the OC.
- 12 Q. Well, let me correct that.
- What you have is an Internet address that says they're Said
- 14 sending passport pictures, correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. Because you don't know who actually, physically sent those
- 17 passport pictures, correct? I mean, if you know, let us know. Do
- 18 you know?
- 19 A. Again, we have an individual who has conversations and
- 20 communications on-line with the OC. That individual made travel
- 21 arrangements with meeting Mohammed. That individual who traveled to
- 22 meet Mohammed is the individual standing here today.
- That individual presented copies of passports of the mentioned
- 24 terrorists to the OC. Not passport photos, but the actual passports
- 25 of the --

- 1 Q. And you --
- 2 A. -- first pages.
- 3 Q. Sorry.
- 4 And you have pictures of Mr. Said sitting at his computer desk
- 5 actually sending the passport pictures?
- A. I do not.
- 7 Q. So you're assuming that it was the case because in August of
- 8 2013, he traveled to Saudi Arabia; am I correct?
- 9 Okay. Do you want to answer that?
- 10 A. Yes, correct.
- 11 Q. The indictment charges seven counts of wire transfers. These
- 12 wire transfers were not sent to the United States; is that correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 Q. And out of these seven counts, six of them are sent to an
- 15 individual by the name of Salma Ahmic. Are you aware of that?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Okay. That's not my client, Said, correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. In other words, Said did not bring to your indictment, receive
- 20 the funds, correct?
- 21 A. I'm aware of that recipient being the wife of your client.
- 22 Q. All right. And the wife is not here today, correct?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- 24 Q. Certainly Said did not receive it. According to your own
- 25 indictment his wife received it, right?

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Yes. And we, additionally, have communications between Said
 2 and the OC making arrangements for the wife to receive -- I'm sorry
   -- between Mohammed and the -- between communications --
 4
            MR. DEL TORO: I'm going to object, Judge, outside the
 5 scope and getting far field.
 6
            MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: I'm referring to the indictment,
 7 Judge.
 8
            THE COURT: He's asking where, you know, how the money went
 9 to the wife, is what I think the point is made by --
10
            MR. DEL TORO: And Judge, I think that the question has
11 been answered. He testified that money went to Said's wife and that
12 Said's received it.
13
            THE COURT: Okay.
14
           MR. DEL TORO: As to 3 through 8, Count 2 has actually
15 Said's name.
16
            THE COURT: Well, we're not doing argument now. That
17 sounds like a speaking objection.
18
           MR. DEL TORO: She's asked him the question and he answered
19 the question, you know. It didn't go to him, then. The wire
20 transfers --
21
            THE COURT: Hold on. What is the pending question?
22
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: I forget, Judge. Let me think about
23 it.
24
            THE COURT: I mean, this is stuff for a jury more than for
25 me because it went to the wife.
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MR. DEL TORO: And that's my objection, Judge.
 2
            MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: It didn't go to him and do they have
   any information that it went to him? I think he said it was
   communication.
            THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any information that it went
 6 from his wife from to this fellow that's named Said, who is here
   today?
            THE WITNESS: No, Your Honor.
 8
 9
            THE COURT: Okay.
10 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
        And the communication that you mentioned before, again, was
11 0.
12 Internet communications and not face-to-face communications?
13 A. Correct.
14
            MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: So I want to wrap it up, Judge.
            THE COURT: Okay.
15
16 BY MS. PINERA-VAZOUEZ:
        The one face-to-face that you have testified to today that Mr.
18 Said was somehow involved in all these allegations of the indictment
19 is because in August of this year, he traveled to Saudi Arabia and
20 the FBI picked him up; am I right?
        That is the information that I have.
21 A.
        That's the only face-to-face?
22 0.
        That I am aware of.
23 A.
24 0.
        And by the way, sorry -- he was arrested in Saudi Arabia. Can
25 you tell us a little bit about that? What do you know about that?
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MR. DEL TORO: Objection, Judge.
 2
            Again, we've already gone over this and it's outside the
 3 scope of the PTD hearing.
            THE COURT: Sustained.
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Oh, I know what I had.
 6 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
        In the police car, what statements are you aware of that my
 8 client, Mr. Said, made in the police car?
       What I am aware of is that defendant Said stated to Mohammed
10 that he told the FBI that he had -- he had lied to Mohammed.
11
        Afterwards, Mohammed stated that he believed that the
12 conversation was being recorded. And then, at that point, Said
13 stated that -- corrected his statement -- and stated that he had
14 lied to Mohammed.
15 Q. And that's it, there are no other conversations that you're
16 aware of?
       There are additional conversations. I'm not aware of them.
18 Q. And general conversations in the United States in a taped
19 vehicle, in a car that had a recorder in it. Is that what you're
20 saying?
21 A.
        I am not aware of the full extent of the conversation.
       You're only aware of a portion of it?
22 0.
       That portion, correct.
23 A.
24
           THE COURT: It's time to wrap it up.
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MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Last question.

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1 BY MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
      Are you aware of whether or not the government of Saudi Arabia
 3 was cooperating with the United States in --
 4
            MR. DEL TORO: Objection, again, as to the scope and
 5 relevance.
 6
            THE COURT: Sustained.
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Okay. No further questions at this
 8
  time.
 9
            THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any questions?
            MR. DEL TORO: I know I should have started my proffer of
10
11 the facts which I think --
12
            THE COURT: Let's make this brief. All right. It has been
13 going on way too long.
14
            MR. DEL TORO: But there's one fact that I need to proffer
15 to clear up one question, Judge, which is how the FBI knew that Said
16 was, in fact, the person who engaged with the OCE in those on-line
17 chat conversations.
18
            THE COURT: You can make that in an argument. Do you have
19 any questions of this gentleman?
20
            MR. DEL TORO: No further questions, Judge.
21
            THE COURT: Okay. All right. Do the defendants have any
22 kind of evidence?
            MR. FARINA: Nothing, just argument, Judge.
23
24
            THE COURT: Okay. Let me hear from you first.
25
            MR. FARINA: Yes, Judge.
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My client is an American citizen. While he was born in India, he entered the United States in 2003 and became a naturalized citizen in about 2010/2011.

His passport has been seized by the agents and his cancelled Indian passport is located in his home in Saudi Arabia. So he does not have access to that.

Now, while it is accurate that his wife is in Saudi Arabia, 8 he does have two brothers in the United States. One who lives in California and works and goes to school and another one works in 10 Houston as a software engineer.

I have spoken to both of these gentlemen. And they have 12 advised that should he get a bond and be able to make it, he would 13 be able to reside with either one of them either here in Texas or in 14 California. His parents reside in Rancho Cucamonga in California, 15 but at the present time they are in Saudi Arabia.

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Now, the family does have some funds and I would ask the 17 Court to consider to look -- among other things -- look at the 18 completeness of the information that he gave Pretrial Services. This report is very, very thorough. And he did not, by any means, 20 try to avoid any of the questions. He answered them all. He talked about his wife and his family.

He discussed that he had obtained a Bachelor's Degree in 23 Computer Science in India. He has had a Master's Degree in Computer 24 Science while he attended California State University in Los 25 Angeles. He has been employed in 2010. He was employed in a

1 medical research software company in San Bernardino, and he earned a significant amount of money.

He has never been arrested prior to this incident. amount of money, his net worth, is not significant, but his family can post a bond.

I would ask the Court to consider a bond for this United States citizen of \$500,000 corporate surety bond with a Nebbia 8 condition that would be cosigned by his brothers and his parents, who I'm sure will be coming into the United States.

The Court can impose electronic monitoring, a curfew, home confinement. I mean, this prosecution is going to be a long 11 12 prosecution of this man. And it is helpful to the defense if he is 13 out on bond, even if the curfew is 24 hours and under electronic 14 monitoring. That way he will have access to his attorneys and his 15 attorneys to him to be able to conduct a defense.

There are many questions how this case came about. 17 them have caused some question about how this investigation occurred 18 and what happened to him while he was taken into custody and then released by the Saudis, under whose authority, and the way he was 20 treated there.

So I would ask the Court to consider a \$500,000 corporate surety bond with a Nebbia condition and with other factors, or other conditions to be imposed at another time.

> THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. FARINA: Thank you. THE COURT: What do you say Miss Pinera? MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: We're in a little bit of a different

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3 situation, since my client has never been in the United States and 4 has no family or ties to the United States. He's married. He's 25 years old. He has a one-year-old daughter and a seven-month-old on the way.

So as far as ties to the United States, quite frankly, he 8 has none. In fact, he thought he was -- when I spoke to him 9 yesterday in Miami -- California -- he had no idea where he was at.

As far as the evidence in the case, Judge, which is something that the Court has to consider, even though in fashioning 11 12 some sort of bond, I think I tried to point out that there was no 13 face-to-face. And there could be a huge identity issue in this case 14 because the first time they actually lay eyes upon my client is a 15 week ago. Before that, as far as the agent testified, nobody had 16 physically seen my client.

It's all based on Internet communications in chat rooms. 18 And as the Court is well aware, and as the government has proven in 19 this case, you can assume identities and trick people into thinking 20 you are who you're not.

So aside from that, Judge, I don't know what else to say. 22 I'm not sure what kind of bond the Court can fashion since he does 23 not have any ties here.

> THE COURT: Does the government have any rebuttal? MR. DEL TORO: Yes, Judge.

Let me just proffer one fact, Judge, which I should have started initially with Mr. Said. In addition, to the fact that he traveled in response to arrangements with an OCE to travel to Saudi Arabia and is, in fact, the person who showed up, defendant Said also, in fact, provided to the OCE on-line a copy of his own 6 passport with his own picture and name during their on-line chats, as well as the picture and passport of his wife. So his identity is 8 beyond question.

The strength of the government's case against Mr. Said is overwhelming. It includes specific details about the most intricate details about terrorist operations of Al-Shabaab and Al-Qaeda in 12 East Africa that only an insider could know, including the actual 13 passport pictures and identifying passport pages of three known 14 terrorists. So the case against Mr. Said is overwhelmingly strong.

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In addition, we have the Western Union records showing that 16 he was involved in receiving money from another confirmed terrorist 17 Gufran Mohammed, the co-defendant, who was involved in clear on-line chats in which he admits that he wants to fund, not Al-Nusra terrorist operations, but actual Al-Qaeda terrorist attacks against 20 U.S. citizens and U.N. targets in the west involving various individuals.

So the evidence against these defendants is overwhelming. 23 Let's look at the --

THE COURT: Let's do this in a summary fashion. I've 25 already got most of the evidence the first time around. So I don't want to go through it all again. It is just to rebut anything specifically of the defense attorney's argument.

MR. DEL TORO: I'm done with the facts.

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Now the question is risk of flight. Mr. Said is a foreign 5 national. He does have a foreign residence in Kenya and has zero 6 ties to this community, as Miss Pinero admitted.

Mr. Mohammed may be a U.S. citizen, but he became a U.S. 8 citizen in 2010/2011, according to the Pretrial Services Report. And guess when he left to Saudi Arabia to move to Saudi Arabia? 10 March 2011.

So he became a U.S. citizen after living here for 12 approximately ten years and immediately headed out to Saudi Arabia 13 to work as a financier for terrorist organizations. I think his 14 U.S. citizenship can be discounted as really part of his overall 15 plan to support terrorist organizations.

Second, he has zero ties to this specific community. While 17 he may have relatives in other states, as the Court knows, the 18 question is whether he has ties to this community and he has none. That makes him a risk of flight in addition to all those other 20 factors that I mentioned as to risk of flight.

THE COURT: I'm not so sure I agree with that. I know there was a case. And I think it was Judge Highsmith who said that it's the ties to Miami, but I think you can consider the ties to 24 maybe Miami first, and then, South Florida, and then, Florida, and 25 then, the United States, but anyhow, go ahead.

MR. DEL TORO: As the Court knows, people can easily flee and hide in Hialeah for many, many years. I would suggest to the Court that --

THE COURT: You can hide in the basement of the courthouse.

MR. DEL TORO: I agree, Judge.

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I would suggest to the Court that, you know, allowing somebody to actually live in Houston or California makes it that much easier to catch a flight.

Then, let's turn to danger. We have overwhelming evidence in this case that both of these defendants didn't just talk about supporting Al-Qaeda, Al-Shabaab and Al-Nusra Front, but they 11 12 actually engaged in actual conspiratorial acts, and actually sent 13 money across the world for that purpose, and actually had the most inside access to all of the most significant members of some of 14 these terrorist organizations. 15

And finally, I'm just going to rely on the obvious, Judge, 17 a rebuttable presumption under 18 U.S.C. 3142(e)3(c) which states 18 that if there's probable cause to believe the defendant committed a federal crime of terrorism as that's defined in 2332(b), then the 20 Court will presume that the person is a risk of flight and a danger.

Obviously, material support of a terrorist organization is 22 a designated federal crime of terrorism. And I think that, obviously probable cause has been determined by the grand jury, but 24 having heard the proffer, and the facts, and the testimony it is 25 clear, Judge, that these two individuals should be detained.

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There is no reasonable combination of any bond that could assure their appearance or that could protect this community or the United States. MR. FARINA: Your Honor, just a brief response. THE COURT: What is that? MR. FARINA: It's interesting that my client has not been 7 involved in any other conversations, or chat rooms, or picked up by 8 any other government surveillance, NSA surveillance, that we all 9 know that all our communications are being monitored until the FBI contacted him in this chat room. 10 I think that's important to note that prior to this, there 12 are no conversations, nothing whatsoever by him, recorded or 13 presented by the government until the United States agents, the OCE, 14 began this conversation with him. THE COURT: Okay. MR. FARINA: And initially, the agent said that my client 17 started the conversation, but under cross-examination of defense 18 counsel, he changed his mind and said, no, the FBI initiated the conversation. And I think that is important for the Court to note. 20 Thank you. THE COURT: Okay. I find this offense carries a penalty in excess of ten years and involves terrorism. And therefore, a 22 23 presumption arises both as to risk of flight and danger to the 24 community.

The weight of the evidence against the defendants is

There is documentary evidence, as well as communications between the defendants and undercover FBI during this regarding, Mohammed specifically, sending money to Said to support Al-Shabaab.

And then, subsequently, conversations amongst them between Mohammed and the OCE, and also Said and the OCE, in regards to the sending of additional money to support the Al-Qaeda in Iraq, which I guess is Al-Nusra Front, and a substantial amount of money was sent by Western Union to support those terrorist organizations.

In addition, Mohammed made statements that he would support the terrorist actions against the United States, as well as U.N. installations of properties.

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I also find by clear and convincing evidence there is no 14 condition or combination of conditions to reasonably assure the 15 appearance of defendants as required of future proceedings.

Mr. Said, as counsel indicated, has no ties at all to the 17 United States. And in fact, this is his first trip here and he is 18 from Kenya and he was born there and he has lived there his entire 19 life and his entire family resides there as well.

So I find based on that that he has no ties to the United States and would not likely remain in the United States if released 22 on bond.

Mr. Mohammed does have some ties to the United States and 24 he received his United States citizenship some time in 2010 or 2011, 25 but shortly thereafter, he left the United States and went to Saudi

1 Arabia where he participated in the conduct, which is described in the indictment in this case.

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He does have two brothers who live here, apparently one in Texas and one in California, who have indicated he could reside with them if released on bond, but I find that the charges that have been 6 brought are very serious charges that could result, if convicted, in a long incarceration period for this defendant.

And I note that his child and wife are in Saudi Arabia and not in the United States. He has no assets here in the United 10 States. And I find that he would be likely to leave if released on 11 bond.

In addition, I find by clear and convincing evidence that 13 no condition or combination of conditions would reasonably assure 14 the safety of the community.

There is overwhelming evidence that each of these 16 defendants participated in securing money and assets for terrorist 17 organizations overseas, as well as Mr. Mohammed in suggesting that 18 he would support terrorist action against the United States and the United Nations.

I find that if he was released on bond, he would be likely to continue in these activities and be a danger to the community.

So based on all of that, I'm going to order that they be 23 detained pending trial in this matter.

> All right. Anything else from either of these gentlemen? MR. FARINA: Nothing.

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THE COURT: No?
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           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: I have one issue, Judge.
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           THE COURT: Yes.
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           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: If I could just raise it real quick?
 5
           THE COURT: Okay.
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           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Yesterday when I went to see my client
  they're both in the SHU --
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            THE COURT: Yes.
 9
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: I noticed that there were two cameras
10 in the detention room, one to my left and one to my right. And I
11 have to speak through the telephone and I'm concerned that my
12 conversations with my client are being overheard by somebody.
            And I would like -- and I don't know if this the right
13
14 forum, but to get an opportunity to meet with him face-to-face so I
15 don't have to speak with him over the phone. And certainly, I don't
16 want to be recorded either by video or audio.
17
            So I don't know how -- and I'm asking the Court for some
18 sort of assistance.
19
           THE COURT: Well, why would you not want to be -- I could
20 see that they would want to record you by video to make sure that
21 nothing is happening.
22
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Well, there's a wall and there's a
23 glass and there's no way to transfer information. And more
24 importantly, I want to be able to have attorney/client privilege
25 with my client so.
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THE COURT: I understand that, but why could you not do
   that if there's a video of you conversing with your client?
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Because I have to do it over a
   telephone and I don't know if that telephone is being recorded,
  quite frankly.
            So I would like some assurance that that conversation is
 7 not being recorded because at this juncture hearing things on the
 8 telephone. He was on the other side of the wall. He's on the
 9 telephone and I'm on the other side and between that and the two
  cameras, I just -- I didn't feel that we were able to have a
10
11 privileged conversation.
           THE COURT: Do you know if the conversations are being
13 recorded between the defense attorney and client?
           MR. FARINA: I have no indication that Mr. Said or Mr.
15 Mohammed are being treated any differently than any other inmates at
16 the FDC. So I guess that's a question, I think, for the BOP.
           THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to instruct the government to
18 inquire of the BOP whether or not they're recording the defendants'
19
   conversations with their lawyers and you're to notify both defense
20 counsel in this matter within 48 hours.
           MR. DEL TORO: We'll do, Judge.
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
           THE COURT: Okay. And if you find something you can file a
24 motion with Judge Ungaro.
           MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ:
                                Yes.
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THE COURT: I mean, I don't see a problem with video and I
 2 don't want to get into their security procedures, but I think if
 3 they're recording conversations there could be a serious issue
  there.
            MS. PINERA-VAZQUEZ: But then, they can read lips, Judge,
 6 you know, on the video.
            THE COURT: Just make sure your lips are facing the other
 8
  way.
 9
            Okay. Anything else I can help anybody with?
10
            MR. DEL TORO: Nothing, Judge.
11
            THE COURT: Okay.
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            (Thereupon, the audiotape proceeding concluded.)
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CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing transcript is an accurate transcript of the audiotape proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

08/24/13

Bonnie Joy Lewis,
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